Ohio Environmental Protection Agency Application for Modification of Ohio NPDES Permit	For	Applicat	tion Number
	Agency Use	Date Rec	ceived
		Year	Month D
1. Number of permit for which modification is being	requested _	OIL00091*ED.	ОН0059552
2. Name of organization responsible for facility	American E	inergy Corpo	ration
3. Address, location, and telephone number of facil-	ity producing	ı discharge:	
A. Name <u>American Energy Corporation</u>	Miller Market		
B. Mailing Address:			
1. Mailing Address <u>43521 Mayhugh Hill</u>	Road		
2. CityBeallsville			
3. StateOhio	4. Zi	p Code	43716
C. Location:			
1. Street <u>West of State Route 145, between T</u>	<u>.R. 82 and T.R</u>	. 103	
2. City <u>1 mile north of Beallsville</u>	3. County	Belmon	PC
D. Telephone No. <u>(740)</u> <u>926-9152</u> Area Code	_		
4. Describe in detail the provision(s) of the perm	it the applic	cant wishes	to modify.
Part I, Page 2 of 11, Item 1.			
5. Describe in detail the reason a modification is Ohio Administrative Code [formerly OEPA Regulation EP	desired. (Se -31-06] for gr	e rule 3745-(ounds for mo	33-06 of the dification.)
Due to a proposed change in operations at the Perkins Corporation is requesting that Sediment Ponds 020 and 021 storage and discharge, if necessary.	s air shaft site, be utilized for	American Er pumped min	ie water

6.	Name of	receiving	water	or	waters	Piney Creek
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7. Describe requested modification in sufficient detail to allow Ohio Environmental Protection Agency personnel to process your request. If a Permit to Install is required under Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code (formerly Ohio EPA Regulation EP-30) attach a completed application for a Permit to Install and make no other entries in this section. If a Permit to Install is not required and additional space is needed, provide the additional information on 8-½ by 11 bond paper and mark "Item 7, Continued" in the upper left hand corner of each extra sheet.

Ponds 020 and 021 are currently utilized as sediment control structures only for the Perkins Air shaft site associated with the Century Mine. Ponds 020 and 021 are currently covered under General Construction Stormwater Permit, Facility #0GC00168*AG. The design flow for Pond 020 is 0.005 MGD, and for Pond 021 is 0.006 MGD (maximum design flows). Total suspended solids, iron and manganese are pollutants that may be expected in the untreated water. No chemicals are added to the water within the mine to be pumped. Quality of treated water will meet the effluent limitations as stated in the existing NPDES Permit #0IL00091; pH 6.5 to 9.0 S.U., iron 4.0 to 6.0 mg/l, manganese 2.0 to 4.0 mg/l, and T.S.S. 35 to 70. Soda Ash will be utilized for pH adjustment. Settling within the ponds will not required chemical additives. Currently, this air shaft is used only for providing air into the underground mining operation. American Energy Corporation (AEC) proposes to pump water from the underground mine to Ponds 020 and 021 for treatment and discharge to Piney Creek when necessary. AEC is requesting modification of Individual N.P.D.E.S. permit #0!L00091 to include Ponds 020 and 021.

[This application must be signed by the person who applied for the original permit or some other person eligible under Rule 3745-33-03(D) of the Ohio Administrative Code (formerly OEPA Regulation EP-31-03(D)].

I certify that I am familiar with the information contained in the application and that to the best of my knowledge and belief such information is true, complete, and accurate.

Robert D. Moore
Printed Name of Person Signing
President Title
11-03-04
Date Application Signed
Signature of Applicant

Mail or take this form to the Ohio EPA District Office to which you send monitoring reports.

OEPA-NPDES-18

ATTACHMENT #1 TO ANTIDEGRADATION ADDENDUM <u>AMERICAN ENERGY CORPORATION</u> PERKINS RUN AIR SHAFT POND MODIFICATIONS

Introduction:

American Energy Corporation (AEC) proposes to pump water from the underground mine to Ponds 020 and 021 at their Perkins Run Air Shaft. Ponds 020 and 021 currently receive surface runoff from the air shaft facility only.

This document addresses the requirements of the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency Antidegradation Addendum, the *Preferred Design Alternative* is addressed on *Pages 1 thru 5*. The *Minimal Degradation Alternative* is addressed on *Pages 5 and 7*, and the *Non-Degradation Alternative* is addressed on *Pages 7 thru 9*.

Background:

Ponds 020 and 021 were approved by ODNR under an Incidental Boundary Revision in March, 2003. These ponds are currently covered under the General Stormwater Permit associated with Construction Activity, Facility No. 0GC00168*AG. The air shaft facility has established vegetation. All drainage from the air shaft facility flows to Ponds 020 and 021 via existing diversion ditches. Runoff from the access roadway is controlled by sumps. Runoff consists of surface drainage only. No coal is present on the air shaft site. Ponds 020 and 021 are existing, temporary structures which will be removed when the associated air shaft is no longer necessary for mine ventilation, approximately eight (8) years.

PREFERRED DESIGN ALTERNATIVE

Ponds 020 and 021 are located in Section 1, Township 6, Range 5, Wayne Township, Belmont County, Ohio. Pond 021 discharges to Pond 020, which discharges to an unnamed tributary to Piney Creek, in the Captina Creek watershed.

C.4.a. Describe the availability, cost effectiveness and technical feasibility of connecting to existing central or regional sewage collection and treatment facilities, including long range plans for sewer service outlined in state or local water quality management planning documents and applicable facility planning documents.

There are no central or regional sewage collection or treatment facilities in the area. Long range plans for these facilities do not exist.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.\mathbb{b}.$ List and describe all government and/or privately sponsored conservation projects that exist or may have been or will be specifically targeted to improve water quality or enhance recreational opportunities on the affected water resource.

Telephone inquiries were made in April, 2004 to the Belmont County Engineer, the Natural Resources Conservation Service District, and the County Department of Development regarding active projects planned or underway. It was determined that there were no existing projects or planned projects for the affected water resource.

C.4.c. Provide a brief description below of all treatment/disposal alternatives evaluated for this application and their respective operational and maintenance needs.

Preferred design alternative: Pump the water from the mine to the nearest on-site surface treatment facility where it can be tested and treated to meet requirements of the NPDES Permit before being released to the receiving stream. The procedure is more costly than the minimal degradation alternative, however, it is more reliable in terms of worker safety and mine productivity. The water will be pumped into surface ponds for treatment before being released to any surface water. The receiving ponds are both upland ponds otherwise fed by diversions from surrounding areas.

Non-degradation alternative' (s): The alternatives described would eliminate potential degradation from the immediate site; however, potential would increase, as described, in other (off-site) locations. The alternatives are: ① Pump and haul mine water by truck along public roads for a distance of approximately 55 miles to the closest approved disposal facility. Operational/ maintenance problems include cost, public road damage, and spills from haulage vehicles. ② Overland pipeline. Operational/ maintenance problems include spillage due to ruptures, stream, road, and personal property right-of-ways/crossings. ③ Allowing the water to accumulate underground. Operational/ maintenance problems include flooding of the mine and associated work stoppages. This alternative is not practicable for extended use considering the projected life of the mining operation.

Minimal degradation alternative' (s): The use of underground sumps and bulkheads would be incorporated to contain the water in the mine as it was produced. This alternative would eliminate treatment of the discharge and would minimize pumping. This alternative would be much less costly in terms of pumping and treatment than other alternatives; however, the alternative would have negative impacts on productivity, miner safety and possibly groundwater quality.

Mitigative technique/measure' (s): Both ponds will be reclaimed when bond is released by ODNR. The receiving stream will have returned to its pre-mining condition or will be in accordance with ODNR requirements.

C.4.d. Outline of the treatment/disposal system evaluated, including the costs associated with the equipment, installation, and continued operation and maintenance.

The water transfer system will be composed of pumps, discharge line and two temporary ponds. One pump will be kept on standby in case of need during a breakdown period of the main pump. The ponds will act as treatment facilities where the water can be collected, monitored, and treated as required to meet NPDES requirements. The cost of the pumps and piping will be approximately \$10,000.00, (Ten Thousand Dollars) including a pump, a standby pump and one set of hoses. Reclamation of the site will cost approximately \$50,000.00 (Fifty Thousand Dollars) based on current costs. The design flow for Pond 020 is 0.005 MGD, and for Pond 021 is 0.006 MGD (maximum design flows). Total suspended solids, iron and manganese are pollutants that may be expected in the untreated water. No chemicals are added to the water within the mine to be pumped. Quality of treated water will meet the effluent limitations as stated in the existing NPDES Permit #OIL00091; pH 6.5 to 9.0 S.U., iron 4.0 to 6.0 mg/l, manganese 2.0 to 4.0 mg/l, and T.S.S. 35 to 70. Soda Ash will be utilized for pH adjustment. The approximate cost of treatment could possibly reach \$5,000.00 (Five Thousand Dollars) annually. Maintenance of the system may reach \$5,000.00 (Five Thousand Dollars) annually. Settling within the ponds will not require chemical additives. Currently, this air shaft is used only for providing air into the underground mining operation.

C.4.e. Identify the substances to be discharged, including the amount of regulated pollutants to be discharged, in terms of mass and concentration.

No substances/regulated pollutants will be discharged from the treatment ponds in excess of effluent limitations. The water from the mine will be treated at the pond inlet to meet NPDES requirements before being released to the stream system.

	30 Day /	Average	Daily Maximum		
Parameter	Concentration (Units)	Mass * (kg/day)	Concentration (Units)	Mass * (kg/day)	
Total Suspended Solids	35 mg/l	1.32	70 mg/l	2.65	
Iron, Total	3.00 mg/l	0.11	6.00 mg/l	0.23	
Manganese, Total	2.00 mg/l	0.08	4.00 mg/l	0.15	
pН	6.50 S.U. min.		9.00 S.U. max.		
-					

^{*}Mass calculations completed by using concentration \times 0.01 mgd flow \times a conversion factor of 3.785.

C.4.f. Describe the reliability of the treatment/disposal system, including but not limited to the possibility of recurring operation and maintenance difficulties that would lead to increased degradation.

The proposed excess water disposal system with associated environmental controls is the same or similar to those used successfully at the mine for many years, and in general, elsewhere throughout the coal industry. The site will be maintained to operate as designed. Repairs will be made as needed on a timely basis for full compliance with Federal and State laws.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.g.$ Describe any impacts on human health and the overall quality and value of the water resource.

No adverse impacts on human health are anticipated under the Preferred Design Alternative. The water, which will be adversely affected by the mining operation, will be treated at the pond inlet to meet requirements of the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency's N.P.D.E.S. permit before being released to the receiving stream.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.h.$ Describe and provide an estimate of the important social and economic benefits to be realized through this project. Include the number and types of jobs created and tax revenues generated.

Introduction

This question will be addressed in two parts: First, the general demand for electrical energy will be discussed and secondly, the aspects of the market which are specific to this project will be addressed. These are both areas of economic consideration which must be considered in regulation of the coal industry.

General Demand

Coal provides the most efficient and economical method of generating electrical energy and will continue to provide this service for a number of years in the future. More than half of the electrical energy consumed in the United States is generated by coal burning facilities. Over 80% of the electricity consumed in the State of Ohio is produced by coal fired power plants. (6 tons of coal is required to provide the electricity consumed by each individual annually).

Wind, solar, and hydro power generation methods are not capable of meeting the demand at this time. Nuclear energy represents too large a potential for long term environmental and safety impacts. The supply of natural gas is not sufficient nor is the distribution system adequate to meet the demands of the electrical generating industry.

The demand for electricity has increased by over 100% since 1970. Furthermore, there has been a disproportionately small increase in generating capacity during that time. Demand for electrical energy is projected to increase by another 30% to 40% between now and the year 2020. (References: State Senator Louis Blessing for the Ohio Coal Association, and Eric Burkland, President of the Ohio Manufacturers' Association)

Project Specifics

The loss to the local economy would be significant should the employment opportunity not be permitted to develop. Belmont County, Ohio, the location of this operation, is categorized as a distressed county by the Ohio Department of Development, Office of Strategic Research. This means that unemployment is 125% or greater than the most recent U.S. 5 year average unemployment rate; per capita income is at or below 80% of the U.S. per capita income; and 20% or more of the population lives below the poverty level.

The mining operation associated with the air shaft site ponds supports the direct employment of 404 people during the necessary life of the air shaft which is estimated to be 8 years. During this time, \$22,595,156.00 (Twenty-Two Million, Five Hundred Ninety-Five Thousand, One Hundred Fifty-Six Dollars) will be paid in annual payrolls. \$1,723,843.00 (One Million, Seven Hundred Twenty-Three Thousand, Eight Hundred Forty-Three Dollars) will be paid in annual payroll taxes. Over \$6,400,000.00 (Six Million, Four Hundred Dollars) in other taxes will be paid annually. \$66,992.00 (Sixty-Six Thousand, Nine Hundred Ninety-Two Dollars) in annual royalties will be paid.

In all, this mining operation contributes over \$30,800,000.00 (Thirty Million, Eight Hundred Thousand Dollars) <u>annually</u> to the economy of this economically distressed area. This figure represents the value in current Dollars and does not account for inflation over the life of the operation.

It has been statistically proven that for every mining job created or maintained, between four and ten jobs are created or maintained in related industries or services. These related industries and services include: utility supply, transportation, material and fuel supply, and other activities which directly or indirectly support the mining operation. It may also include domestic services such as lawn and garden maintenance and day care and baby sitting services employed by the mining personnel and their families.

There are other benefits which will trickle down into the local economy. General merchants experience sales from the mine employees which they would not experience if the group were unemployed, were employed in other geographic locations, or were employed in lesser paying jobs.

C.4.i. Describe environmental benefits to be realized through this proposed project.

When the air shaft is no longer necessary for mine ventilation, it will be plugged and the entire site will be reclaimed in accordance with ODNR requirements. Following establishment of vegetative cover, Ponds 020 and 021 will be removed and their respective affected areas reclaimed per ODNR regulations. Potential end uses include farm land, pasture for livestock, or wildlife habitat. No environmental benefits will be realized through this proposal.

C.4.j. Describe and provide an estimate of the social and economic benefits that may be lost as a result of this project. Include the impacts on commercial and recreational use of the water resource.

There should be no loss of social or economic benefits from this operation. If the mine operation is not allowed to dispose of excess water in this manner, the economic benefits outlined in the previous section C.4.h. will not be maintained. The employment provided serves to improve economic conditions in the area.

The area is a rural site. It does not support any degree of tourist activity. Recreational activity includes hunting and ATV use only with the permission of the surface property owner. This activity will not be impacted in any way by the pumping of mine water to the ponds or reclamation of same.

There are no streams on site. All water that discharges as a result of the pumping operation will be treated, if necessary, to be within effluent limits established by the existing NPDES Permit.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.k$. Describe the environmental benefits lost as a result of this project. Include the effects on aquatic life, wildlife, threatened or endangered species.

There are no significant adverse impacts expected to water quality on or off site. The maintenance, water monitoring, treatment and reclamation proposed have been designed to mitigate or eliminate any possible adverse affects on wildlife.

There are no known threatened or endangered species in the project area.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.1.$ Description of any construction work, fill or other structures to occur or be placed in or near a stream bed.

No construction will occur within the banks of any surface water. The surface water will receive discharge from the ponds only. This discharge will be treated at the pond inlet to meet NPDES limitations before being released.

MINIMAL DEGRADATION ALTERNATIVE

C.4.a. Describe the availability, cost effectiveness and technical feasibility of connecting to existing central or regional sewage collection and treatment facilities, including long range plans for sewer service outlined in state or local water quality management planning documents and applicable facility planning documents.

Please see response to this item on page 1 of this document.

C.4.b. List and describe all government and/or privately sponsored conservation projects that exist or may have been or will be specifically targeted to improve water quality or enhance recreational opportunities on the affected water resource.

Please see response to this item on page 1 of this document.

C.4.c. Provide a brief description below of all treatment/disposal alternatives evaluated for this application and their respective operational and maintenance needs.

Please see response to this item (minimal degradation) on page 2 of this document.

C.4.d. Outline of the treatment/disposal system evaluated, including the costs associated with the equipment, installation, and continued operation and maintenance.

The water transfer system will consist of installing sumps and bulkheads in the underground workings to contain the water. The installations would be made away from the working face so that interference with mining operations would be minimized; however failure of a bulkhead could jeopardize the safety of workmen or interfere with the mining operation. Due to unknowns such as where water will be encountered, the quantity of water that will require storage underground, and maintenance needs, cost is very difficult to estimate.

C.4.e. Identify the substances to be discharged, including the amount of regulated pollutants to be discharged, in terms of mass and concentration.

Please see response to this item on page 2 of this document.

C.4.f. Describe the reliability of the treatment/disposal system, including but not limited to the possibility of recurring operation and maintenance difficulties that would lead to increased degradation.

Please see response to item C.4.c. (Minimal Degradation Alternative) on page 2 of this document.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.g.$ Describe any impacts on human health and the overall quality and value of the water resource.

Please see response to item C.4.c. (Minimal Degradation Alternative) on page 2 of this document.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.h.$ Describe and provide an estimate of the important social and economic benefits to be realized through this project. Include the number and types of jobs created and tax revenues generated.

Please see response to this item on pages 3 and 4 of this document.

C.4.i. Describe environmental benefits to be realized through this proposed project.

Please see response to this item on page 4 of this document.

C.4.j. Describe and provide an estimate of the social and economic benefits that may be lost as a result of this project. Include the impacts on commercial and recreational use of the water resource.

Please see response to this item on page 4 of this document.

C.4.k. Describe the environmental benefits lost as a result of this project.
Include the effects on aquatic life, wildlife, threatened or endangered species.

Please see response to this item on page 5 of this document. There are no known threatened or endangered species in the project area.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.I.$ Description of any construction work, fill or other structures to occur or be placed in or near a stream bed.

There is no fill, or structures within a streambed on this site. Pond 020 is no closer than 80 feet from the stream bank, and Pond 021 is over 100 feet from the stream.

NON-DEGRADATION ALTERNATIVE

C.4.a. Describe the availability, cost effectiveness and technical feasibility of connecting to existing central or regional sewage collection and treatment facilities, including long range plans for sewer service outlined in state or local water quality management planning documents and applicable facility planning documents.

Please see response to this item on page 1 of this document.

C.4.b. List and describe all government and/or privately sponsored conservation projects that exist or may have been or will be specifically targeted to improve water quality or enhance recreational opportunities on the affected water resource.

Please see response to this item on page 2 of this document. (Non-Degradation Alternative).

 $\mathbb{C}.4.c.$ Provide a brief description below of all treatment/disposal alternatives evaluated for this application and their respective operational and maintenance needs.

Please see response to this item on page 2 of this document. (Non-Degradation Alternative).

C.4.d. Outline of the treatment/disposal system evaluated, including the costs associated with the equipment, installation, and continued operation and maintenance.

None of these three alternatives are practical from a cost, permitting, political/public relations, or operational standpoint. Please see response to this item on page 2 of this document (Non-Degradation Alternative).

C.4.e. Identify the substances to be discharged, including the amount of regulated pollutants to be discharged, in terms of mass and concentration.

Under the non-degradation alternative, no substances will be purposely discharged.

C.4.f. Describe the reliability of the treatment/disposal system, including but not limited to the possibility of recurring operation and maintenance difficulties that would lead to increased degradation.

No on-site discharge is proposed under this alternative. For reliability, see response to item C.4.c. on Page 2.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.g.$ Describe any impacts on human health and the overall quality and value of the water resource.

The potential for impacts to human health and the overall quality of the water resource would be much greater under the non-degradation alternatives than under either the preferred or minimal alternatives. There could be no protection provided for surface waters. Soil liners, diversion ditches, treatment ponds, hay bales, silt fences and temporary sumps are proposed in the two previous alternatives. These features cannot be provided to protect all potential contamination sites in an overland operation which is not confined to permitted areas.

C.4.h. Describe and provide an estimate of the important social and economic benefits to be realized through this project. Include the number and types of jobs created and tax revenues generated.

The condition of the local economy and the economic benefits of this mining operation were discussed in earlier alternatives. In this situation, the non-degradation alternatives may actually shorten the life of the mine.

C.4.i. Describe environmental benefits to be realized through this proposed project.

If any of the non-degradation disposal plans are undertaken, there would be no direct change in the existing environmental conditions. Ponds on the site could not be utilized for treatment or discharge of mine water; however, the potential for unintentional (accidental), untreatable discharges would be much higher.

C.4.j. Describe and provide an estimate of the social and economic benefits that may be lost as a result of this project. Include the impacts on commercial and recreational use of the water resource.

It is impossible to estimate the social and economic losses as a result of public and political relations concerning difficulties related to rights of way and rights of entry required for crossing public and private lands and roads with trucks or a pipeline, as well as negotiating the agreements necessary to use another disposal facility. There is no commercial or recreational use of water resources involved.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.\mathbb{k}.$ Describe the environmental benefits lost as a result of this project. Include the effects on aquatic life, wildlife, threatened or endangered species.

There could be unintentional, unforeseen impacts as previously described in the item C.4.c. response on page 2. If spillage from trucks or pipeline leakage occurred, the threat to aquatic life and wildlife could be far reaching, as well as difficult to detect or correct.

C.4.1. Description of any construction work, fill or other structures to occur or be placed in or near a stream bed.

Under the non-degradation alternative, no construction work, fill or other structures would be placed in or near a stream bed.

Mitigative Technique/Measure'(s):

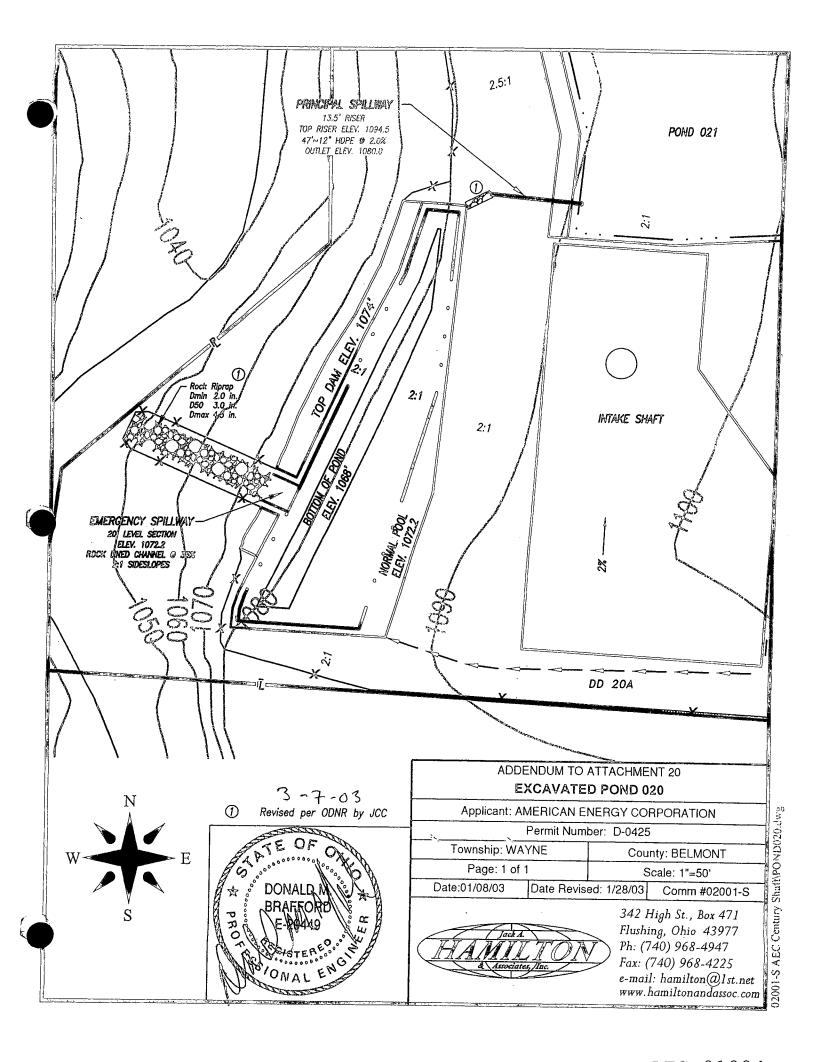
No mitigation is planned. Waters being discharged will be treated to meet requirements of the NPDES permit prior to being released to receiving waters.

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

ATTACHMENT 20 (SEDIMENTATION POND/IMPOUNDMENT DATA SHEET)

Applica	nt's Name <u>AMERICAN ENERGY</u>	CORPORATION	Poi	nd # <u>020</u>	
Type of	impoundment <u>EXCAVATED</u>	Permanent		mporary X	
1. POI	ND DRAINAGE AREA DATA:				
a) b) c) d) e) f)	Drainage area 10.7 Disturbed area 10.7 Ave. land slope 25 % Hydrologic soil group C Hydraulic length 1000 Cover/condition of the und:	acres ft.	a <u>N/A</u>		
2. DES	SIGN STORM CRITERIA:				
a)	Method:				
b)	Design method (s) i SCS curve number Rainfall Amount/Peak Flow	87Rainfa	all, in. P		
	1) 10 year, 24 hour = 2) 25 year, 24 hour = 3) 50 year, 6 hour = (if permanent) 4) 100 year, 6 hour = (if 20/20 size)	4		9.3 11.2	
B. PON	D SIZE: N/A EXCAVATED POND				
a) 1) 2) 3)	Dimensions: Dam height ft. Dam width ft.(MIN) Dam length ft.	Dam upst	ream slone	2 (MΛV)	ft
b)	Sediment storage volume $\underline{O.6}$ elevation.	ê acft. is	provided below	w the <u>1072.2</u>	foot
c)	Stage/Area Data:	Elevation ft.	Surface Area	Volume acft.	
2) 3)	Bottom of pond Streambed at upstream toe: Principal spillway crest:	1068	0.053	0.00	
	Emergency spillway crest: Top of embankment:	1072.2	0.23	0.6	
J J	TOD OF EUDAILVIIGUE:	10/4	\cup .5	1 1	

4.	PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY: N/A EXCAVATED POND
	a) Pipe length ft. b) Pipe diameter in. c) Pipe slope % d) Riser diameter in. e) Riser height ft. f) Type of pipe g) Number of anti-seep collars; spacing along pipe
	h) Does the design include a trash rack? Yes, No.
	i) Does the design include an anti-vortex device? Yes, No.
5.	EMERGENCY SPILLWAY/EXIT CHANNEL:
	a) Base width!5 _ft. b) Design flow depthO.2 _ft. Depth in level sectionO.5 _ft. c) Exit slope33 % d) Exit velocity4.5 _fps e) Channel liningROCK_RIPRAP f) Side slopes2: _ g) Freeboard!2ft. h) Entrance slope50 %
	i) Length of level section 20 ft.
6.	The minimum static factor of safety for this impoundment is 1.5
7.	Provide as an addendum to this attachment a detailed plan view or 2 cross sections of the impoundment.
8.	COMMENTS THIS IS THE SECOND POND IN A SIERIES OF TWO. POND 021 WILL TREAT 0.5 ACRE-FEET, POND 021 WILL TREAT 0.6 ACRE FEET.
9.	Is this an MSHA structure? Yes, X No. If "yes," provide the MSHA ID. Number if one has been assigned
10.	If this is to be retained as a permanent impoundment, submit an addendum to this attachment demonstrating compliance with rule 1501:13-9-04(H) (2) of the Administrative Code.
11.	I hereby certify that this impoundment is designed to comply with the applicable requirements of rule 1501:13-9-04 of the Administrative Code using current, prudent engineering practices.
	Signature 1-9-07 Date
	P.E. SEAL
	DONALD M. BRAFFORD E-29449 E-29449 BRAFFORD BOOK AND THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTO



OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

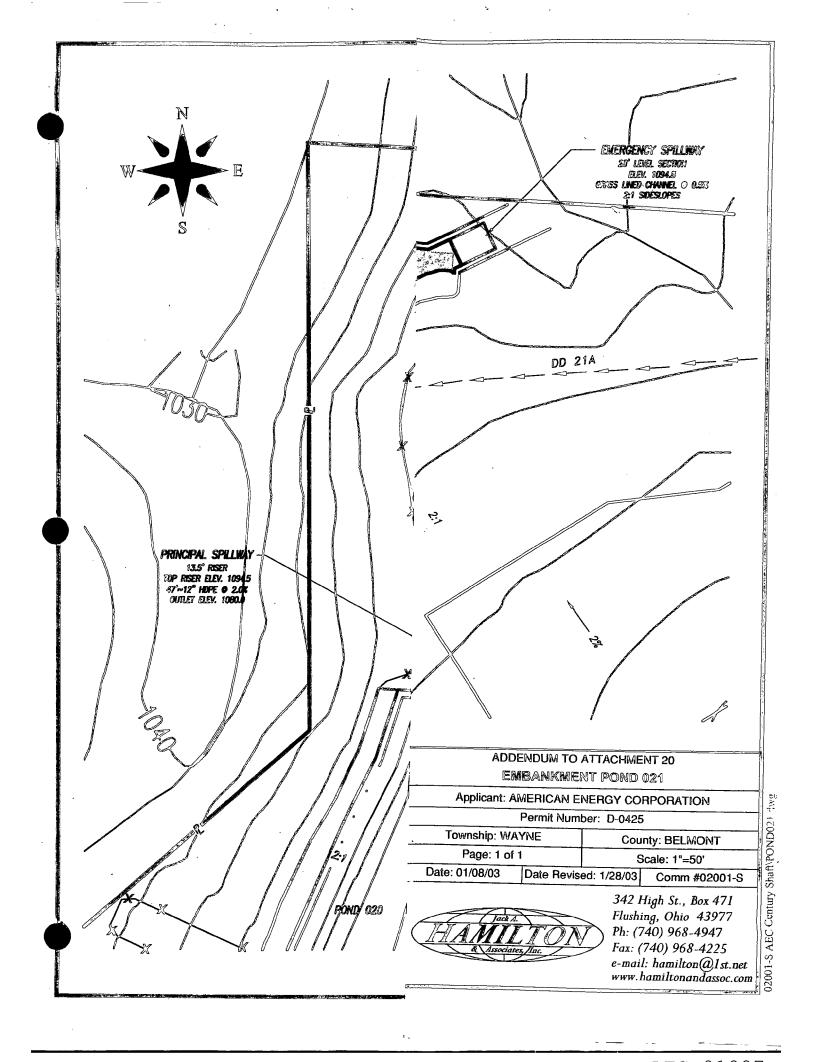
ATTACHMENT 20 (SLDIMENTATION POND/IMPOUNDMENT DATA SHEET)

Applica	nt's Name <u>AMERICAN ENERGY</u>	CORPORATION	Pond # <u>021</u>	
Type of	impoundment EMBANKMENT	Permanent	Temporary	Χ
1. PON	ND DRAINAGE AREA DATA:			
a) b) c) d)	Drainage area6.3 Disturbed area6.3 Ave. land slope25 % Hydrologic soil groupC	acres		
e) f)	Hydraulic length 900 Cover/condition of the und	ft.		
2. DES	SIGN STORM CRITERIA:			
a)	Method:			
	 Design method (s) i SCS curve number 		programs: <u>SEDCAD</u>	4.0
b)	Rainfall Amount/Peak Flow	Rainfall, i	n. Peak flow,	cfs.
	1) 10 year, 24 hour = 2) 25 year, 24 hour = 3) 50 year, 6 hour = (if permanent) 4) 100 year, 6 hour = (if 20/20 size)	3.7	10.5	
3. PON	D SIZE: N/A EXCAVATED POND			
a) 1) 2) 3)		5) Dam upstream	slope 40 % (M	AX)
b)	Sediment storage volume \underline{O} . elevation.	<u>5</u> acft. is provi	ded below the <u>109</u>	94.5 foot
c)	Stage/Area Data:	Elevation Surf	ace Area Volumac. acf	
1) 2)	Bottom of pond Streambed at upstream toe:	1094.1	1.23 0.0)
3) 4)	Principal spillway crest: Emergency spillway crest:	1094.5	1.27 O.5	
5)	Top of embankment:	1096	1.43 2.5	

Revised 1/28/03

4.	PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY: N/A EXCAVATED POND
	a) Pipe length
5.	EMERGENCY SPILLWAY/EXIT CHANNEL:
	a) Base width
6.	The minimum static factor of safety for this impoundment is
7.	Provide as an addendum to this attachment a detailed plan view or 2 cross sections of the impoundment.
8.	COMMENTS THIS IS THE FIRST POND IN A SIERIES OF TWO. POND 021 WILL TREAT 0.5 ACRE-FEET, POND 020 WILL TREAT 0.6 ACRE FEET. THIS POND IS TO BE OVER EXCAVATED TO AN ELEVATION OF 1080. THE POND WILL THEN BE FILLED
	WITH WASTE TAILINGS FROM DRILLING UP TO ELEVATION 1094.1.
	* THIS POND DOES NOT HAVE ENOUGH RUNOFF TO OVERFLOW INTO THE EMERGENCY SPILLWAY.
9.	Is this an MSHA structure?Yes,X No. If "yes," provide the MSHA ID. Number if one has been assigned
10.	If this is to be retained as a permanent impoundment, submit an addendum to this attachment demonstrating compliance with rule 1501:13-9-04(H) (2) of the Administrative Code.
11.	I hereby certify that this impoundment is designed to comply with the applicable requirements of rule 1501:13-9-04 of the Administrative Code using current, prudent engineering practices.
	Signature Date BRAFFORD BRAFFORD E-29449 E-29449 BRAFFORD BRAFFORD BRAFFORD BRAFFORD BRAFFORD BRAFFORD BRAFFORD BRAFFORD

Revised 1/28/03



342 High St., Box 471

Flushing, OH 43977

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September 23, 2004

Re: Belmont County
American Energy Corp., Century Mine
OIL00091*GD
NPDES Modification

Ms. Abbot Stevenson Ohio Environmental Protection Agency Southeast District Office 2195 Front Street Logan, OH 43138

Dear Abbot,

In response to your letter dated September 1, 2004, requesting additional information for processing of the above referenced permitting action, (Perkins Run Air Shaft ponds) the following information is being submitted, or was revised as necessary.

- 1. Copies of the pond designs are attached.
- 2. A fee check for \$200.00 made payable to "Treasurer, State of Ohio" is attached.
- 3. Provided the requested information. See revised response to the Application for Modification of Ohio NPDES Permit, Item 7., as well as the revised responses to items C.4.d. and C.4.e. in Attachment 1 to the Antidegradation Addendum, pages 2 and 3.
- 4. See revised response to the Application for Modification of Ohio NPDES Permit, Item 7., as well as the revised response to item C.4.d. in Attachment 1 to the Antidegradation Addendum, page 2.

If you have any questions concerning these revisions, please do not hesitate to contact me at the number shown above.

Sincerely,

Jack A. Hamilton & Associates, Inc. Consultants for American Energy Corp.

Ellen Greer Permitting

Les Trees

c: Melanie Murray, American Energy Corp.

Detail Plans Engineering Report Engineering Specifications	Management Plan Hydrogeologic Site Investigation Report Other (describe):
. Form B Submission (check all that apply)	_
	Form
Sewer(none) (Pipeline) and Pump Station Constru	rection <u>B1</u> (responded per site- specific for project)
On-Site Sanitary Wastewater Disposal	B2
Wastewater Treatment Plants Less Than 100,000	GPD B3
Wastewater Treatment Plants Greater Than or Ed 100,000 GPD and all Pond Systems	qual to B4
Industrial Direct Discharge Facility	B5
Industrial Indirect Discharge Facility	B6
Underground Storage Tank Remediation	В7
Livestock Waste	B8
Land Application or Sludge Management Plan	В9
i. Fee Calculations:	
Permit to Install (maximum total fee \$15,100)	
a. Application fee: b. Plan review fee:	\$ 100.00 \$ 100.00
c. Plan review fee (installation/construction cost x.0065	
d. Total Fee (a ÷ b+ c):	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
Land Application*/Livestock Plan Approval	
a. Application fee:	\$ <u>0</u> \$ <u>0</u>
b. Plan review fee:c. Total fee (a ÷ b):	\$ 0 \$ 0
*No separate fee is needed for land application of treated as part of the PTI application system installation.	d wastewater if the management plan is submitted
7. Signature of the Applicant: (see Ohio Administrative	Code 3745-31-04)
I certify under penalty of law that this document and all supervision and that the information submitted is, to the complete. I am aware that there are substantial penalti possibility of fines and imprisonment for knowing violati	e best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, es for submitting false information, including the
Typed name: Robert D. Moore	
Title: President Signature:	
Signature:	

EPA 4309 (rev. 11/96)

Detail Plans Engineering Report Engineering Specifications	Management Plan Hydrogeologic Site Investigation Report Other (describe):
. Form B Submission (check all that apply)	Form
Sewer(none) (Pipeline) and Pump Station Const	
On-Site Sanitary Wastewater Disposal	B2
Wastewater Treatment Plants Less Than 100,00	00 GPD B3
Wastewater Treatment Plants Greater Than or 100,000 GPD and all Pond Systems	Equal to B4
Industrial Direct Discharge Facility	B5
Industrial Indirect Discharge Facility	B6
Underground Storage Tank Remediation	В7
Livestock Waste	В8
Land Application or Sludge Management Plan	В9
6. Fee Calculations:	
Permit to Install (maximum total fee \$15,100) a. Application fee: b. Plan review fee: c. Plan review fee (installation/construction cost x.000 d. Total Fee (a + b+ c): Land Application*/Livestock Plan Approval a. Application fee:	\$ 4,763.00 \$ 0
b. Plan review fee:c. Total fee (a + b):	\$ 0 \$ 0
*No separate fee is needed for land application of treat as part of the PTI application system installation.	ted wastewater if the management plan is submitte
7. Signature of the Applicant: (see Ohio Administrative	e Code 3745-31-04)
I certify under penalty of law that this document and a supervision and that the information submitted is, to the complete. I am aware that there are substantial penal possibility of fines and imprisonment for knowing violation.	he best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate alties for submitting false information, including the
Typed name: Robert D. Moore Title: President Signature:	

A-3

EPA 4309 (rev. 11/96)

AEC 01890

(DSW/DEFA)

14.	Attachments. The following are included in this apare provided):	pplication package (indicate how many copies of each
		Management Plan Hydrogeologic Site Investigation Report Other (describe):
15.	Form B Submission (check all that apply)	Form
	Sewer(none) (Pipeline) and Pump Station Co	nstruction <u>B1</u> (responded per site- specific for project)
	On-Site Sanitary Wastewater Disposal	B2
	Wastewater Treatment Plants Less Than 100	0,000 GPD B3
	Wastewater Treatment Plants Greater Than 100,000 GPD and all Pond Systems	or Equal to B4
	Industrial Direct Discharge Facility	B5
	Industrial Indirect Discharge Facility	B6
	Underground Storage Tank Remediation	В7
	Livestock Waste	B8
	Land Application or Sludge Management Pla	n B9
16.	Fee Calculations:	
	Permit to Install (maximum total fee \$15,100) a. Application fee: b. Plan review fee: c. Plan review fee (installation/construction cost x.d. Total Fee (a + b+ c):	\$ 100.00 \$ 100.00 \$ 4,563.00 \$ 4,763.00
	Land Application*/Livestock Plan Approval a. Application fee: b. Plan review fee: c. Total fee (a ÷ b):	\$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0
	*No separate fee is needed for land application of tr as part of the PTI application system installation.	eated wastewater if the management plan is submitted
17	. Signature of the Applicant: (see Ohio Administra	ative Code 3745-31-04)
	supervision and that the information submitted is,	d all attachments were prepared under my direction or to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and enalties for submitting false information, including the iolations.
	Typed name: Robert D. Moore	
	Title: <u>President</u> Signature: Date:	4.04

Application for Modification of Ohio NPDES Permit	For	Application Number		
	Agency	Date Re	eceived	
	Use 	Year	Month	Da
1. Number of permit for which modification is being	requested _	<u> </u>	D, <u>OH005955</u>	2
2. Name of organization responsible for facility	American	Energy Cor	ooration	
3. Address, location, and telephone number of facil-	ity producin	g discharge	e:	
A. Name <u>American Energy Corporation</u>				
B. Mailing Address:				
1. Mailing Address <u>43521 Mayhugh Hill</u>	Road			
2. City <u>Beallsville</u>				
3. StateOhio	4. Z	Cip Code	43716	
C. Location:				
1. Street West of State Route 145, between 1	T.R. 82 and T.	R. 103		
2. City <u>1 mile north of Beallsville</u>	3. County	/ <u>Belm</u>	nont	_
D. Telephone No. <u>(740)</u> <u>926-9152</u> Area Code				
4. Describe in detail the provision(s) of the per	mit the appl	icant wish	es to modi	fy.
Part I, Page 2 of 11, Item 1.				
5. Describe in detail the reason a modification is Ohio Administrative Code [formerly OEPA Regulation E				
Due to a proposed change in operations at the Perkir Corporation is requesting that Sediment Ponds 020 and 02 storage and discharge, if necessary.				

6.	Name of receiving	water or waters	Piney Creek	
----	-------------------	-----------------	-------------	--

7. Describe requested modification in sufficient detail to allow Ohio Environmental Protection Agency personnel to process your request. If a Permit to Install is required under Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code (formerly Ohio EPA Regulation EP-30) attach a completed application for a Permit to Install and make no other entries in this section. If a Permit to Install is not required and additional space is needed, provide the additional information on 8-½ by 11 bond paper and mark "Item 7, Continued" in the upper left hand corner of each extra sheet.

Ponds 020 and 021 are currently utilized as sediment control structures only for the Perkins Air shaft site associated with the Century Mine. Ponds 020 and 021 are currently covered under General Construction Stormwater Permit, Facility #0GC00168*AG. The design flow for Pond 020 is 0.005 MGD, and for Pond 021 is 0.006 MGD (maximum design flows). Total suspended solids, iron and manganese are pollutants that may be expected in the untreated water. No chemicals are added to the water within the mine to be pumped. Quality of treated water will meet the effluent limitations as stated in the existing NPDES Permit #0IL00091; pH 6.5 to 9.0 S.U., iron 4.0 to 6.0 mg/l, manganese 2.0 to 4.0 mg/l, and T.S.S. 35 to 70. Soda Ash will be utilized for pH adjustment. Settling within the ponds will not required chemical additives. Currently, this air shaft is used only for providing air into the underground mining operation. American Energy Corporation (AEC) proposes to pump water from the underground mine to Ponds 020 and 021 for treatment and discharge to Piney Creek when necessary. AEC is requesting modification of Individual N.P.D.E.S. permit #0IL00091 to include Ponds 020 and 021.

[This application must be signed by the person who applied for the original permit or some other person eligible under Rule 3745-33-03(D) of the Ohio Administrative Code (formerly OEPA Regulation EP-31-03(D)].

I certify that I am familiar with the information contained in the application and that to the best of my knowledge and belief such information is true, complete, and accurate.

Robert D. Moore
Printed Name of Person Signing
President
Title
Date Application Signed
Signature of Applicant

Mail or take this form to the Ohio EPA District Office to which you send monitoring reports.

OFPA-NPDFS-18

ATTACHMENT #1 TO ANTIDEGRADATION ADDENDUM AMERICAN ENERGY CORPORATION PERKINS RUN AIR SHAFT POND MODIFICATIONS

Introduction:

American Energy Corporation (AEC) proposes to pump water from the underground mine to Ponds 020 and 021 at their Perkins Run Air Shaft. Ponds 020 and 021 currently receive surface runoff from the air shaft facility only.

This document addresses the requirements of the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency Antidegradation Addendum, the *Preferred Design Alternative* is addressed on *Pages 1 thru 5*. The *Minimal Degradation Alternative* is addressed on *Pages 5 and 7*, and the *Non-Degradation Alternative* is addressed on *Pages 7 thru 9*.

Background:

Ponds 020 and 021 were approved by ODNR under an Incidental Boundary Revision in March, 2003. These ponds are currently covered under the General Stormwater Permit associated with Construction Activity, Facility No. 0GC00168*AG. The air shaft facility has established vegetation. All drainage from the air shaft facility flows to Ponds 020 and 021 via existing diversion ditches. Runoff from the access roadway is controlled by sumps. Runoff consists of surface drainage only. No coal is present on the air shaft site. Ponds 020 and 021 are existing, temporary structures which will be removed when the associated air shaft is no longer necessary for mine ventilation, approximately eight (8) years.

PREFERRED DESIGN ALTERNATIVE

Ponds 020 and 021 are located in Section 1, Township 6, Range 5, Wayne Township, Belmont County, Ohio. Pond 021 discharges to Pond 020, which discharges to an unnamed tributary to Piney Creek, in the Captina Creek watershed.

C.4.a. Describe the availability, cost effectiveness and technical feasibility of connecting to existing central or regional sewage collection and treatment facilities, including long range plans for sewer service outlined in state or local water quality management planning documents and applicable facility planning documents.

There are no central or regional sewage collection or treatment facilities in the area. Long range plans for these facilities do not exist.

C.4.b. List and describe all government and/or privately sponsored conservation projects that exist or may have been or will be specifically targeted to improve water quality or enhance recreational opportunities on the affected water resource.

Telephone inquiries were made in April, 2004 to the Belmont County Engineer, the Natural Resources Conservation Service District, and the County Department of Development regarding active projects planned or underway. It was determined that there were no existing projects or planned projects for the affected water resource.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.c.$ Provide a brief description below of all treatment/disposal alternatives evaluated for this application and their respective operational and maintenance needs.

Preferred design alternative: Pump the water from the mine to the nearest on-site surface treatment facility where it can be tested and treated to meet requirements of the NPDES Permit before being released to the receiving stream. The procedure is more costly than the minimal degradation alternative, however, it is more reliable in terms of worker safety and mine productivity. The water will be pumped into surface ponds for treatment before being released to any surface water. The receiving ponds are both upland ponds otherwise fed by diversions from surrounding areas.

Non-degradation alternative' (s): The alternatives described would eliminate potential degradation from the immediate site; however, potential would increase, as described, in other (off-site) locations. The alternatives are: ① Pump and haul mine water by truck along public roads for a distance of approximately 55 miles to the closest approved disposal facility. Operational/ maintenance problems include cost, public road damage, and spills from haulage vehicles. ② Overland pipeline. Operational/ maintenance problems include spillage due to ruptures, stream, road, and personal property right-of-ways/crossings. ③ Allowing the water to accumulate underground. Operational/ maintenance problems include flooding of the mine and associated work stoppages. This alternative is not practicable for extended use considering the projected life of the mining operation.

Minimal degradation alternative' (s): The use of underground sumps and bulkheads would be incorporated to contain the water in the mine as it was produced. This alternative would eliminate treatment of the discharge and would minimize pumping. This alternative would be much less costly in terms of pumping and treatment than other alternatives; however, the alternative would have negative impacts on productivity, miner safety and possibly groundwater quality.

Mitigative technique/measure' (s): Both ponds will be reclaimed when bond is released by ODNR. The receiving stream will have returned to its pre-mining condition or will be in accordance with ODNR requirements.

C.4.d. Outline of the treatment/disposal system evaluated, including the costs associated with the equipment, installation, and continued operation and maintenance.

The water transfer system will be composed of pumps, discharge line and two temporary ponds. One pump will be kept on standby in case of need during a breakdown period of the main pump. The ponds will act as treatment facilities where the water can be collected, monitored, and treated as required to meet NPDES requirements. The cost of the pumps and piping will be approximately \$10,000.00, (Ten Thousand Dollars) including a pump, a standby pump and one set of hoses. Reclamation of the site will cost approximately \$50,000.00 (Fifty Thousand Dollars) based on current costs. The design flow for Pond 020 is 0.005 MGD, and for Pond 021 is 0.006 MGD (maximum design flows). Total suspended solids, iron and manganese are pollutants that may be expected in the untreated water. No chemicals are added to the water within the mine to be pumped. Quality of treated water will meet the effluent limitations as stated in the existing NPDES Permit #OIL00091; pH 6.5 to 9.0 S.U., iron 4.0 to 6.0 mg/l, manganese 2.0 to 4.0 mg/l, and T.S.S. 35 to 70. Soda Ash will be utilized for pH adjustment. The approximate cost of treatment could possibly reach \$5,000.00 (Five Thousand Dollars) annually. Maintenance of the system may reach \$5,000.00 (Five Thousand Dollars) annually. Settling within the ponds will not require chemical additives. Currently, this air shaft is used only for providing air into the underground mining operation.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.e.$ Identify the substances to be discharged, including the amount of regulated pollutants to be discharged, in terms of mass and concentration.

No substances/regulated pollutants will be discharged from the treatment ponds in excess of effluent limitations. The water from the mine will be treated at the pond inlet to meet NPDES requirements before being released to the stream system.

	30 Day Average		Daily Maximum		
Parameter	Concentration (Units)	Mass * (kg/day)	Concentration (Units)	Mass * (kg/day)	
Total Suspended Solids	35 mg/l	1.32	70 mg/l	2.65	
Iron, Total	3.00 mg/l	0.11	6.00 mg/l	0.23	
Manganese, Total	2.00 mg/l	0.08	4.00 mg/l	0.15	
pH	6.50 S.U. min.		9.00 S.U. max.		

^{*}Mass calculations completed by using concentration \times 0.01 mgd flow \times a conversion factor of 3.785.

C.4.f. Describe the reliability of the treatment/disposal system, including but not limited to the possibility of recurring operation and maintenance difficulties that would lead to increased degradation.

The proposed excess water disposal system with associated environmental controls is the same or similar to those used successfully at the mine for many years, and in general, elsewhere throughout the coal industry. The site will be maintained to operate as designed. Repairs will be made as needed on a timely basis for full compliance with Federal and State laws.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.g.$ Describe any impacts on human health and the overall quality and value of the water resource.

No adverse impacts on human health are anticipated under the Preferred Design Alternative. The water, which will be adversely affected by the mining operation, will be treated at the pond inlet to meet requirements of the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency's N.P.D.E.S. permit before being released to the receiving stream.

C.4.h. Describe and provide an estimate of the important social and economic benefits to be realized through this project. Include the number and types of jobs created and tax revenues generated.

Introduction

This question will be addressed in two parts: First, the general demand for electrical energy will be discussed and secondly, the aspects of the market which are specific to this project will be addressed. These are both areas of economic consideration which must be considered in regulation of the coal industry.

General Demand

Coal provides the most efficient and economical method of generating electrical energy and will continue to provide this service for a number of years in the future. More than half of the electrical energy consumed in the United States is generated by coal burning facilities. Over 80% of the electricity consumed in the State of Ohio is produced by coal fired power plants. (6 tons of coal is required to provide the electricity consumed by each individual annually).

Wind, solar, and hydro power generation methods are not capable of meeting the demand at this time. Nuclear energy represents too large a potential for long term environmental and safety impacts. The supply of natural gas is not sufficient nor is the distribution system adequate to meet the demands of the electrical generating industry.

The demand for electricity has increased by over 100% since 1970. Furthermore, there has been a disproportionately small increase in generating capacity during that time. Demand for electrical energy is projected to increase by another 30% to 40% between now and the year 2020. (References: State Senator Louis Blessing for the Ohio Coal Association, and Eric Burkland, President of the Ohio Manufacturers' Association)

Project Specifics

The loss to the local economy would be significant should the employment opportunity not be permitted to develop. Belmont County, Ohio, the location of this operation, is categorized as a distressed county by the Ohio Department of Development, Office of Strategic Research. This means that unemployment is 125% or greater than the most recent U.S. 5 year average unemployment rate; per capita income is at or below 80% of the U.S. per capita income; and 20% or more of the population lives below the poverty level.

The mining operation associated with the air shaft site ponds supports the direct employment of 404 people during the necessary life of the air shaft which is estimated to be 8 years. During this time, \$22,595,156.00 (Twenty-Two Million, Five Hundred Ninety-Five Thousand, One Hundred Fifty-Six Dollars) will be paid in annual payrolls. \$1,723,843.00 (One Million, Seven Hundred Twenty-Three Thousand, Eight Hundred Forty-Three Dollars) will be paid in annual payroll taxes. Over \$6,400,000.00 (Six Million, Four Hundred Dollars) in other taxes will be paid annually. \$66,992.00 (Sixty-Six Thousand, Nine Hundred Ninety-Two Dollars) in annual royalties will be paid.

In all, this mining operation contributes over \$30,800,000.00 (Thirty Million, Eight Hundred Thousand Dollars) <u>annually</u> to the economy of this economically distressed area. This figure represents the value in current Dollars and does not account for inflation over the life of the operation.

It has been statistically proven that for every mining job created or maintained, between four and ten jobs are created or maintained in related industries or services. These related industries and services include: utility supply, transportation, material and fuel supply, and other activities which directly or indirectly support the mining operation. It may also include domestic services such as lawn and garden maintenance and day care and baby sitting services employed by the mining personnel and their families.

There are other benefits which will trickle down into the local economy. General merchants experience sales from the mine employees which they would not experience if the group were unemployed, were employed in other geographic locations, or were employed in lesser paying jobs.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.i.$ Describe environmental benefits to be realized through this proposed project.

When the air shaft is no longer necessary for mine ventilation, it will be plugged and the entire site will be reclaimed in accordance with ODNR requirements. Following establishment of vegetative cover, Ponds 020 and 021 will be removed and their respective affected areas reclaimed per ODNR regulations. Potential end uses include farm land, pasture for livestock, or wildlife habitat. No environmental benefits will be realized through this proposal.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.j.$ Describe and provide an estimate of the social and economic benefits that may be lost as a result of this project. Include the impacts on commercial and recreational use of the water resource.

There should be no loss of social or economic benefits from this operation. If the mine operation is not allowed to dispose of excess water in this manner, the economic benefits outlined in the previous section C.4.h. will not be maintained. The employment provided serves to improve economic conditions in the area.

The area is a rural site. It does not support any degree of tourist activity. Recreational activity includes hunting and ATV use only with the permission of the surface property owner. This activity will not be impacted in any way by the pumping of mine water to the ponds or reclamation of same.

There are no streams on site. All water that discharges as a result of the pumping operation will be treated, if necessary, to be within effluent limits established by the existing NPDES Permit.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.k$. Describe the environmental benefits lost as a result of this project. Include the effects on aquatic life, wildlife, threatened or endangered species.

There are no significant adverse impacts expected to water quality on or off site. The maintenance, water monitoring, treatment and reclamation proposed have been designed to mitigate or eliminate any possible adverse affects on wildlife.

There are no known threatened or endangered species in the project area.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.I.$ Description of any construction work, fill or other structures to occur or be placed in or near a stream bed.

No construction will occur within the banks of any surface water. The surface water will receive discharge from the ponds only. This discharge will be treated at the pond inlet to meet NPDES limitations before being released.

MINIMAL DEGRADATION ALTERNATIVE

C.4.a. Describe the availability, cost effectiveness and technical feasibility of connecting to existing central or regional sewage collection and treatment facilities, including long range plans for sewer service outlined in state or local water quality management planning documents and applicable facility planning documents.

Please see response to this item on page 1 of this document.

C.4.b. List and describe all government and/or privately sponsored conservation projects that exist or may have been or will be specifically targeted to improve water quality or enhance recreational opportunities on the affected water resource.

Please see response to this item on page 1 of this document.

C.4.c. Provide a brief description below of all treatment/disposal alternatives evaluated for this application and their respective operational and maintenance needs.

Please see response to this item (minimal degradation) on page 2 of this document.

C.4.d. Outline of the treatment/disposal system evaluated, including the costs associated with the equipment, installation, and continued operation and maintenance.

The water transfer system will consist of installing sumps and bulkheads in the underground workings to contain the water. The installations would be made away from the working face so that interference with mining operations would be minimized; however failure of a bulkhead could jeopardize the safety of workmen or interfere with the mining operation. Due to unknowns such as where water will be encountered, the quantity of water that will require storage underground, and maintenance needs, cost is very difficult to estimate.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.e.$ Identify the substances to be discharged, including the amount of regulated pollutants to be discharged, in terms of mass and concentration.

Please see response to this item on page 2 of this document.

C.4.f. Describe the reliability of the treatment/disposal system, including but not limited to the possibility of recurring operation and maintenance difficulties that would lead to increased degradation.

Please see response to item C.4.c. (Minimal Degradation Alternative) on page 2 of this document.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.g.$ Describe any impacts on human health and the overall quality and value of the water resource.

Please see response to item C.4.c. (Minimal Degradation Alternative) on page 2 of this document.

C.4.h. Describe and provide an estimate of the important social and economic benefits to be realized through this project. Include the number and types of jobs created and tax revenues generated.

Please see response to this item on pages 3 and 4 of this document.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.i$. Describe environmental benefits to be realized through this proposed project.

Please see response to this item on page 4 of this document.

C.4.j. Describe and provide an estimate of the social and economic benefits that may be lost as a result of this project. Include the impacts on commercial and recreational use of the water resource.

Please see response to this item on page 4 of this document.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.k$. Describe the environmental benefits lost as a result of this project. Include the effects on aquatic life, wildlife, threatened or endangered species.

Please see response to this item on page 5 of this document. There are no known threatened or endangered species in the project area.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.1.$ Description of any construction work, fill or other structures to occur or be placed in or near a stream bed.

There is no fill, or structures within a streambed on this site. Pond 020 is no closer than 80 feet from the stream bank, and Pond 021 is over 100 feet from the stream.

NON-DEGRADATION ALTERNATIVE

C.4.a. Describe the availability, cost effectiveness and technical feasibility of connecting to existing central or regional sewage collection and treatment facilities, including long range plans for sewer service outlined in state or local water quality management planning documents and applicable facility planning documents.

Please see response to this item on page 1 of this document.

C.4.b. List and describe all government and/or privately sponsored conservation projects that exist or may have been or will be specifically targeted to improve water quality or enhance recreational opportunities on the affected water resource.

Please see response to this item on page 2 of this document. (Non-Degradation Alternative).

C.4.c. Provide a brief description below of all treatment/disposal alternatives evaluated for this application and their respective operational and maintenance needs.

Please see response to this item on page 2 of this document. (Non-Degradation Alternative).

C.4.d. Outline of the treatment/disposal system evaluated, including the costs associated with the equipment, installation, and continued operation and maintenance.

None of these three alternatives are practical from a cost, permitting, political/public relations, or operational standpoint. Please see response to this item on page 2 of this document (Non-Degradation Alternative).

 $\mathbb{C}.4.e.$ Identify the substances to be discharged, including the amount of regulated pollutants to be discharged, in terms of mass and concentration.

Under the non-degradation alternative, no substances will be purposely discharged.

C.4.f. Describe the reliability of the treatment/disposal system, including but not limited to the possibility of recurring operation and maintenance difficulties that would lead to increased degradation.

No on-site discharge is proposed under this alternative. For reliability, see response to item C.4.c. on Page 2.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.g.$ Describe any impacts on human health and the overall quality and value of the water resource.

The potential for impacts to human health and the overall quality of the water resource would be much greater under the non-degradation alternatives than under either the preferred or minimal alternatives. There could be no protection provided for surface waters. Soil liners, diversion ditches, treatment ponds, hay bales, silt fences and temporary sumps are proposed in the two previous alternatives. These features cannot be provided to protect all potential contamination sites in an overland operation which is not confined to permitted areas.

C.4.h. Describe and provide an estimate of the important social and economic benefits to be realized through this project. Include the number and types of jobs created and tax revenues generated.

The condition of the local economy and the economic benefits of this mining operation were discussed in earlier alternatives. In this situation, the non-degradation alternatives may actually shorten the life of the mine.

C.4.i. Describe environmental benefits to be realized through this proposed project.

If any of the non-degradation disposal plans are undertaken, there would be no direct change in the existing environmental conditions. Ponds on the site could not be utilized for treatment or discharge of mine water; however, the potential for unintentional (accidental), untreatable discharges would be much higher.

C.4.j. Describe and provide an estimate of the social and economic benefits that may be lost as a result of this project. Include the impacts on commercial and recreational use of the water resource.

It is impossible to estimate the social and economic losses as a result of public and political relations concerning difficulties related to rights of way and rights of entry required for crossing public and private lands and roads with trucks or a pipeline, as well as negotiating the agreements necessary to use another disposal facility. There is no commercial or recreational use of water resources involved.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.$ k. Describe the environmental benefits lost as a result of this project. Include the effects on aquatic life, wildlife, threatened or endangered species.

There could be unintenticnal, unforeseen impacts as previously described in the item C.4.c. response on page 2. If spillage from trucks or pipeline leakage occurred, the threat to aquatic life and wildlife could be far reaching, as well as difficult to detect or correct.

C.4.1. Description of any construction work, fill or other structures to occur or be placed in or near a stream bed.

Under the non-degradation alternative, no construction work, fill or other structures would be placed in or near a stream bed.

Mitigative Technique/Measure'(s):

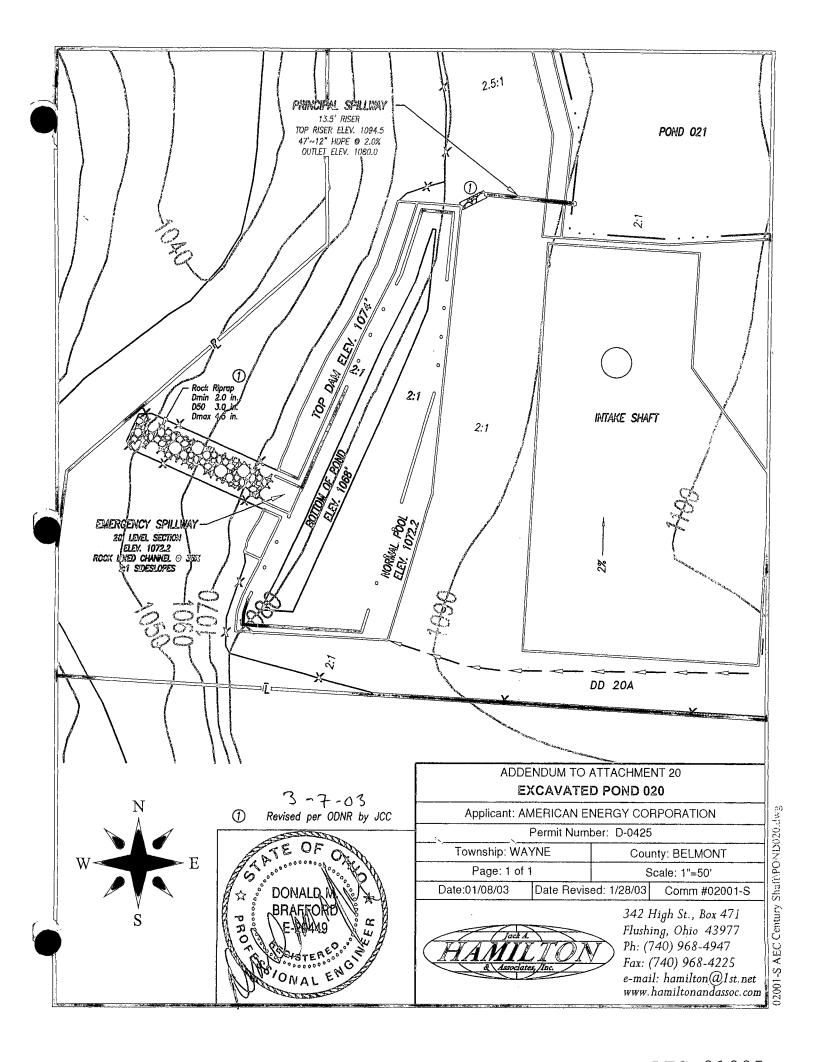
No mitigation is planned. Waters being discharged will be treated to meet requirements of the NPDES permit prior to being released to receiving waters.

OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

ATTACHMENT 20 (SEDIMENTATION POND/IMPOUNDMENT DATA SHEET)

Type of impoundment <u>EXCAVATED</u> Permanent <u>Temporary</u> 1. POND DRAINAGE AREA DATA: a) Drainage area <u>10.7</u> acres b) Disturbed area <u>10.7</u> acres c) Ave. land slope <u>25</u> % d) Hydrologic soil group <u>C</u> e) Hydraulic length <u>1000</u> ft.	X
a) Drainage area 10.7 acres b) Disturbed area 10.7 acres c) Ave. land slope 25 % d) Hydrologic soil group C e) Hydraulic length 1000 ft.	
b) Disturbed area 10.7 acres c) Ave. land slope 25 % d) Hydrologic soil group C e) Hydraulic length 1000 ft.	
f) Cover/condition of the undisturbed area $\underline{N/A}$	
2. DESIGN STORM CRITERIA:	
a) Method:	
1) Design method (s) including computer programs: <u>SEDCAD 4</u> 2) SCS curve number <u>87</u>	<u> </u>
b) Rainfall Amount/Peak Flow Rainfall, in. Peak flow,	cfs.
1) 10 year, 24 hour = 3.7 9.3 2) 25 year, 24 hour = 4.2 11.2 3) 50 year, 6 hour = (if permanent) 4) 100 year, 6 hour = (if 20/20 size)	
3. POND SIZE: N/A EXCAVATED POND	
a) Dimensions: 1) Dam height ft. 4) Dam downstream slope % (MAC) 2) Dam width ft.(MIN) 5) Dam upstream slope % (MAC) 3) Dam length ft. 6) Core length ft ft.	X)
b) Sediment storage volume 0.6 acft. is provided below the 1072 elevation.	<u>2.2</u> foot
c) Stage/Area Data: Elevation Surface Area Volume ft. ac. acft	
1) Bottom of pond 1068 0.053 0.00 2) Streambed at upstream toe: 3) Principal spillway crest:	
4) Emergency spillway crest: 1072.2 0.23 0.6 5) Top of embankment: 1074 0.3	•

4.	PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY: N/A EXCAVATED POND
	a) Pipe length ft. b) Pipe diameter in. c) Pipe slope %
	d) Riser diameter in. e) Riser height ft.
	f) Type of pipe g) Number of anti-seep collars; spacing along pipe h) Does the design include a trash rack? Yes, No. i) Does the design include an anti-vortex device? Yes, No.
5.	EMERGENCY SPILLWAY/EXIT CHANNEL:
	a) Base width
6.	The minimum static factor of safety for this impoundment is
7.	Provide as an addendum to this attachment a detailed plan view or 2 cross sections of the impoundment.
8.	COMMENTS THIS IS THE SECOND POND IN A SIERIES OF TWO. POND 021 WILL TREAT 0.5 ACRE-FEET, POND 020 WILL TREAT 0.6 ACRE FEET.
9.	Is this an MSHA structure? Yes, X No. If "yes," provide the MSHA ID. Number if one has been assigned
10.	If this is to be retained as a permanent impoundment, submit an addendum to this attachment demonstrating compliance with rule 1501:13-9-04(H) (2) of the Administrative Code.
11.	I hereby certify that this impoundment is designed to comply with the applicable requirements of rule 1501:13-9-04 of the Administrative Code using current, prudent engineering practices.
,	Signature 1-9-03 Date
	P.E. SEAL
	DONALD M. BRAFFORD E-29449
	ONAK ENG



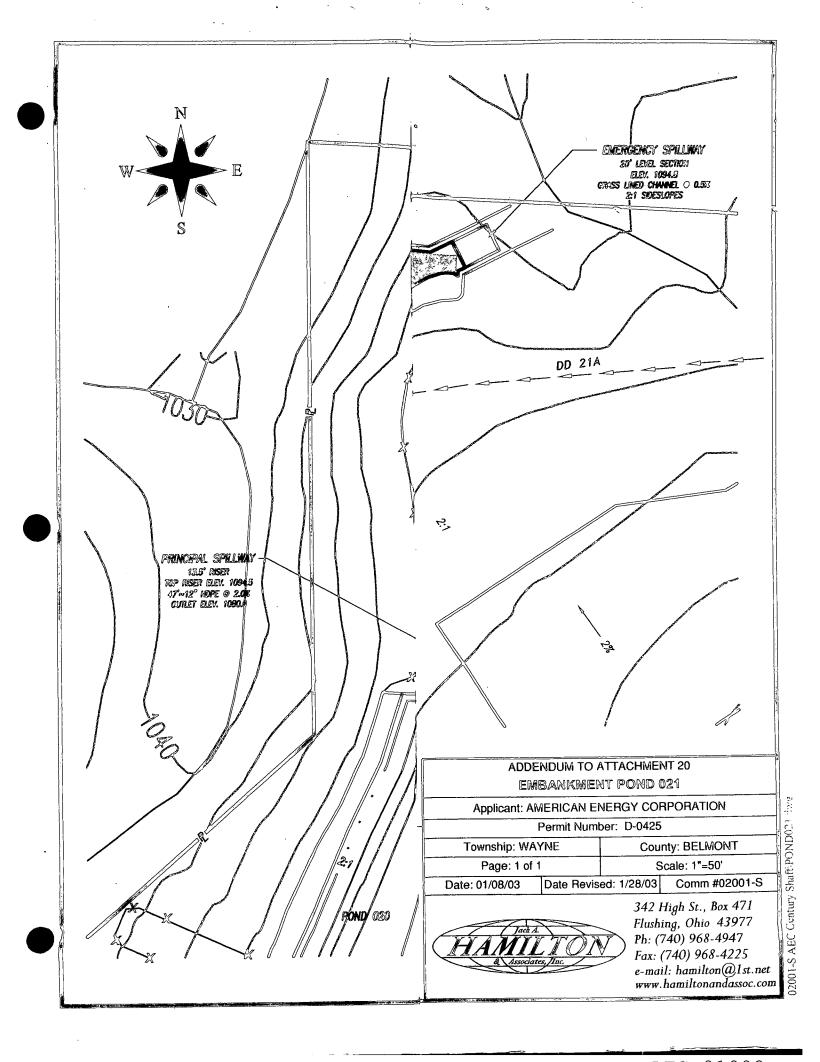
OHIO DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES DIVISION OF RECLAMATION

ATTACHMENT 20 (SEDIMENTATION POND/IMPOUNDMENT DATA SHEET)

App]	Licar	nt's Name <u>AMERICAN ENER</u>	GY CORPORATION	Pond #	021
Турє	e of	impoundment <u>EMBANKMENT</u>	Permanent	Tempor	aryX
1.	PON	ID DRAINAGE AREA DATA:			
	a) b) c) d) e) f)	Drainage area 6.3 Disturbed area 6.3 Ave. land slope 25 % Hydrologic soil group Hydraulic length 900 Cover/condition of the condition of t	acres ft.	<u>wa</u>	
2.	DES	SIGN STORM CRITERIA:			
	a)	Method:			
		 Design method (s SCS curve number 	87		
	b)	Rainfall Amount/Peak Flo	ow Rainfa	ll, in. Peak	flow, cfs.
		1) 10 year, 24 hour = 2) 25 year, 24 hour = 3) 50 year, 6 hour = (if permanent) 4) 100 year, 6 hour = (if 20/20 size)		7	10.5
3.	POI	ND SIZE: N/A EXCAVATED PONI			
	2	Dimensions:) Dam height <u> 6 </u>	MIN) 5) Dam upst	stream slope <u>4</u> ream slope <u>40</u> gth <u>605</u> ft	O_ % (MAX) % (MAX) O_ ft5 f
	b)	Sediment storage volum elevation.	e <u>0.5</u> acft. is	provided below	the <u>1094.5</u> foot
	c)	Stage/Area Data:	Elevation ft.	Surface Area	Volume acft.
	1) 2)	Bottom of pond Streambed at upstream t Principal spillway cres	oe:	1.23	0.0
	3) 4)	Emergency spillway cres		1.31	1.0
	5)	Top of embankment:	1006	1.70	

Revised 1/28/03

4.	PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY: N/A EXCAVATED POND
	a) Pipe length47ft. b) Pipe diameter12in. c) Pipe slope2.0 % d) Riser diameter18in. e) Riser height13.5ft. f) Type of pipeCorrugated HDPE g) Number of anti-seep collars2; spacing along pipe15 h) Does the design include a trash rack? Yes,X No. i) Does the design include an anti-vortex device? Yes,X No.
5.	EMERGENCY SPILLWAY/EXIT CHANNEL:
	a) Base widthi ft. b) Design flow depth * ft. Depth in level section * ft. c) Exit slope * % d) Exit velocity * fps e) Channel lining Vegetative f) Side slopes2: _ g) Freeboard i.l ft. h) Entrance slope 40 % i) Length of level section 20 ft.
6.	The minimum static factor of safety for this impoundment is 1.5
7.	Provide as an addendum to this attachment a detailed plan view or 2 cross sections of the impoundment.
8.	COMMENTS THIS IS THE FIRST POND IN A SIERIES OF TWO. POND 021 WILL TREAT 0.5 ACRE-FEET, POND 020 WILL TREAT 0.6 ACRE FEET. THIS POND IS TO BE OVER EXCAVATED TO AN ELEVATION OF 1080. THE POND WILL THEN BE FILLED WITH WASTE TAILINGS FROM DRILLING UP TO ELEVATION 1094.1.
	* THIS POND DOES NOT HAVE ENOUGH RUNOFF TO OVERFLOW INTO THE EMERGENCY SPILLWAY.
9.	Is this an MSHA structure?Yes,XNo. If "yes," provide the MSHA ID. Number if one has been assigned
10.	If this is to be retained as a permanent impoundment, submit an addendum to this attachment demonstrating compliance with rule $1501:13-9-04(H)$ (2) of the Administrative Code.
11.	I hereby certify that this impoundment is designed to comply with the applicable requirements of rule 1501:13-9-04 of the Administrative Code using current, prudent engineering practices. Date Date



342 High St., Box 471
Flushing, OH 42977
Ph: (740) 968-4947
ex: (740) 968-4225
-mail: hamilton@lst.net
www.hamiltonandassoc.com



Civil Engineering

Land Surveying

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GIS Data Services

Land Development

Global Positioning Systems

LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

\mathbb{TO} :	Mel	lanie M	urray	DATE:	July 7, 2004
	_Am	erican I	Energy Corporation	COMM.#	02001-2
	435	21 May	hugh Hill Road	RE:	NPDES Modification / Antidegradation
	_Bca	llsville	OH 43716		Addendum for Perkins Air Shaft Ponds
	,				
WE A	re si	ENDIN	IG: 🗵 Attached 🔲 Undo	r Separate Cover	
क्ता र शक्ता	ארת האו	שרש זו וור	TIBLE GARDONEROND. IIĆ	n g _ 11	
IN A H	am ha	۷ لالاما!مالالا	ving method: <u>u.s.</u>	Mail	
DAT	TE.	NO.		DESCRIPTI	ON
		1	N.P.D.E.S. Modification F	orm (Needs signed on 2	^{2nd} page)
		1	Antidegradation (4-page) f	form (Needs signed on 4	k th page)
		1	Attachment 1 Addendum t	o Antidegradation Adde	ndum
		2	Location Maps (one for su		
	***************************************	J-0	water some the second second		

THES	E AR	E TRA	NSMITTED: 🗵 For Your	Use 🛛 As Requested 🖾 1	For Review/Comment 🔲 Returned
REM	ARK	S: De	ar Melanie, Would you please rev	view the attached documents.	. If you concur, have Rob Moore sign where
		Inc	licated, and return package to me	for submittal to O.E.P.A. k	know that Mr. Burdette wanted this to happen as
		dn	ickly as possible.	•	
		Ple	pase don't hesitate to call if you ha	ave any questions.	
					1
FOR	GOT	To	ENCLOSE THIS	WITH THE SO	UBJECT MATERIALS!
COPY	COPY TO File				
				. SIG	MED Ellan Grean
	•			_	

Sent 7/14/04

Ohio Environmental Protection Agency Application for Modification of Ohio NPDES Permit	For	Applica	Application Number		
	Agency	Date Re	ceived		
	Use 	Year	Month	D	
1. Number of permit for which modification is being	requested _	OIL00091*ED	, OH0059552	2	
2. Name of organization responsible for facility	American	Energy Corpo	oration		
3. Address, location, and telephone number of facil	ity producin	ng discharge:	:		
A. Name <u>American Energy Corporation</u>					
B. Mailing Address:					
1. Mailing Address <u>43521 Mayhugh Hill</u>	Road				
2. City <u>Bealisville</u>					
3. State Ohio	4. Z	ip Code	43716		
C. Location:					
1. Street <u>West of State Route 145, between T</u>	f.R. 82 and T.	R. 103	e de la companya de		
2. City <u>1 mile north of Beallsville</u>	3. County	/Belmo	nt	_	
D. Telephone No. <u>(740)</u> <u>926-9152 Area Code</u>					
4. Describe in detail the provision(s) of the perm	nit the appl	icant wishes	to modify	У.	
Part I, Page 2 of 11, Item 1.					
5. Describe in detail the reason a modification is Ohio Administrative Code [formerly OEPA Regulation ER					
Due to a proposed change in operations at the Perkin Corporation is requesting that Sediment Ponds 020 ar storage and discharge, if necessary.		-	~ ~	nter	

Protection Agency personnel to process your request. If a Permit to Install is required under Chapter 3745-31 of the Ohio Administrative Code (formerly Ohio EPA Regulation EP-30) attach a completed application for a Permit to Install and make no other entries in this section. If a Permit to Install is not required and additional space is needed, provide the additional information on 8-½ by 11 bond paper and mark "Item 7, Continued" in the upper left hand corner of each extra she Ponds 020 and 021 are currently utilized as sediment control structures only for the Perkins Air shaft site associated with the Century Mine. Ponds 020 and 021 are currently covered under General Construction Stormwater Permit, Facility #0GC00168*AG. American Energy Corporation proposes to pump water from the underground mine to Ponds 020 and 021 for treatment and discharge to Piney Creek when necessary. AEC is requesting modification of Individual N.P.D.E.S. permit #OIL00091 to include Ponds 020 and 021.	et.
[This application must be signed by the person who applied for the original permit or so other person eligible under Rule $3745-33-03(D)$ of the Ohio Administrative Code (formerly OEPA Regulation EP-31-03(D)].	ome
I certify that I am familiar with the information contained in the application and that to the best of my knowledge and belief such information is true, complete, and accurate.	
Robert D. Moore	
Printed Name of Person Signing	
President	
Title	

Name of receiving water or waters Piney Creek

Mail or take this form to the Ohio EPA District Office to which you send monitoring reports.

Signature of Applicant

OEPA-NPDES-18

Date Application Signed

6.

RW Inly

Ohio EPA

State of Ohio Environmental Protection Agency
DIVISION OF SURFACE WATER

Antidegradation Addendum

In accordance with Ohio Administrative Code 3745-1-05, (Antidegradation), additional information may be required to complete your application for a permit to install or NPDES permit. For any application that may result in an increase in the level of pollutants being discharged (NPDES and/or PTI) or for which there might be activity taking place within a stream bed, the processing of the permit(s) may be required to go through procedures as outlined in the antidegradation rule. The rule outlines procedures for public notification and participation as well as procedures pertaining to the levels of review necessary. The levels of review necessary depend on the degradation being considered/requested. The rule also outlines exclusions from portions of the application and review requirements and waivers that the Director may grant as specified in Section 3745-1-05(D) of the rule. Please complete the following questions. The answers provided will allow the Ohio EPA to determine if additional information is needed. All projects that require both an NPDES and PTI should submit both applications simultaneously to avoid going through the antidegradation process separately for each permit.

A.	Applica	ant: AMERICAN ENERGY CORPORATION
	Facilit	cy Owner:AMERICAN ENERGY CORPORATION
	Facili	ty Location (city and county): (NORTH OF) ALLEDONIA, BELMONT COUNTY
	Applic	ation or Plans Prepared By: <u>Jack A. Hamilton & Associates, Inc.</u>
	Projec	t Name: Perkins Air Shoff Sediment Ponds
	NPDES	Permit Number (if applicable): OHOO12661/OKOO046/OGC00168*AG
В.	Antide	gradation Applicability
	Is the	application for? (check as many as apply):
		Application with no direct surface water discharge (Projects that do not meet the applicability section of $3745-1-05(B)1$, i.e., on site disposal, extensions of sanitary sewers, spray irrigation, indirect discharger to POTW, etc.). (Complete Section E)
		Renewal NPDES application or PTI application with no requested increase in loading of currently permitted pollutants (Complete Section E. Do not complete Sections C or D).
		PTI and $\underline{\text{NPDES}}$ application for a new wastewater treatment works that will discharge to a surface water. (Complete Sections C and E)
	<u>X</u>	An expansion/modification of an existing wastewater treatment works discharging to a surface water that will result in any of the following (PTI and NPDES): (Complete Section C and E) Addition of any pollutant not currently in the discharge, or an increase in mass or concentration of any pollutant currently in the discharge, or An increase in any current pollutant limitation in terms of mass or concentration.

	of et re	If that involves placement of fill or installation of any portion is a sewerage system (i.e., sanitary sewers, pump stations, WWTP, i.e.) within 150 feet of a stream bed. Please provide information equested on the stream evaluation addendum (i.e., number of stream cossings, fill placement, etc.) and complete section E.		
	 wa	nitial NPDES permit for an existing treatment works with a stewater discharge prior to October 1, 1996. (Complete Sections D ed E)		
		enewal NPDES permit or modification to an effective NPDES permit at will result in any of the following: (Complete Section C and E) a new permit limitation for a pollutant that previously had no limitation, or an increase in any mass or concentration limitation of any pollutant that currently has a limitation.		
Ant	idegrad	lation Information		
1.		the PTI and/or NPDES permit application meet an exclusion as ned by OAC 3745-1-05(D)(1) of the Antidegradation rule?		
		Yes (Complete Question C.2)		
	X	No (Complete Questions C.3 and C.4)		
2. For projects that would be eligible for exclusions provide the folinformation.				
	a.	Provide justification for the exclusion.		
	b.	Identify the substances to be discharged, including the amount of regulated pollutants to be discharged in terms of mass and concentration.		
	c.	A description of any construction work, fill or other structures to occur or be placed in or near a stream bed.		
3.	Are your requesting a waiver as outlined by OAC $3745-1-05(D)(2-7)$ of the Antidegradation rule?			
	<u> </u>	No		
		Yes		
	submit the wa	wish to pursue one of the waivers, please identify the waiver and the necessary information to support the request. Depending on iver requested, the information required under question C.4 may be red to complete the application.		
4.	accomp non-de mitiga activi	In projects that do <u>not</u> qualify for an exclusion a report must any this application evaluating the preferred design alternative, egradation alternatives, minimal degradation alternatives, and tive techniques/measures for the design and operation of the ty. The information outlined below should be addressed in this . If a waiver is requested, this section is still required.		
	See Atta	achment #1 to Antidegradation Addendum		
	a.	Describe the availability, cost effectiveness and technical feasibility of connecting to existing central or regional sewage collection and treatment facilities, including long range plans		

for sewer service outlined in state or local water quality management planning documents and applicable facility planning See Attachment #1 to Antidegradation Addendum

documents.

b.

C.

AEC 01913

- c. List and describe all government and/or privately sponsored conservation projects that may have been or will be specifically targeted to improve water quality or enhance recreational opportunities on the effected water resource.
- d. Proved a brief description below of all treatment/disposal alternatives evaluated for this application. (If additional space is needed please attach to the end of this addendum).

At a minimum, the following information must be included in the report for each alternative evaluated.

- e. Outline of the treatment/disposal system evaluated, including the costs associated with the equipment, installation, and continued operation and maintenance.
- f. Identify the substances to be discharged, including the amount of regulated pollutants to be discharged in terms of mass and concentration.
- g. Describe the reliability of the treatment/disposal system, including but not limited to the possibility of recurring operation and maintenance difficulties that would lead to increased degradation.
- h. Describe any impacts to human health and the overall quality and value of the water resource.
- i. Describe and provide an estimate of the important social and economic benefits to be realized through this proposed project. Include the number and types of jobs created and tax revenues generated.
- j. Describe environmental benefits to be realized through this proposed degradation.
- k. Describe and provide an estimate of the social and economic benefits that may be lost as a result of this project. Include the impacts on commercial and recreational use of the water resource.

See Attachment #1 to Antidegradation Addendum for responses to item b. through k.

- 1. Describe the environmental benefits lost as a result of this project. Include the impact on the aquatic life, wildlife, threatened or endangered species.
- m. A description of any construction work, fill or other structures to occur or be placed in or near a stream bed.
- n. Provide any other information that may be useful in evaluating this application.

		See Atta	chment #1 to Antidegradation Addendum for responses to items I.	through m.
D.	Dis	charge :	Information	
	1.	issued PTI Nur PTI Iss	reatment/disposal systems constructed pursuant to a Ohio EPA PTI, provide the following information: mber suance Date 1 Date of Discharge	previously
	2.		he appropriate NPDES permit application form been ing representative effluent data?	n submitted
		*****	Yes	
			No	
		If no,	submit the information as applicable under a OR b as	follows:
		a.	For entities discharging process wastewater attach 2C form.	a completed
		b	For entities discharging wastewater of domestic original results of at least one chemical analysis of the wastall pollutants for which authorization to discharge requested and a measurement of the daily volume (galle of wastewaters being discharge.	estream for ge is being
₤.	per	sons dir	y inquiry of the person or persons who manage the syst rectly responsible for gathering the information, the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and	information
			on must be signed by the same responsible person who ag permit application or certification as per 40 CFR Signature 40 CFR	
n:revise June 30			, ·	-27] 7/19/1 PUS 1/13/04

ATTACHMENT #1 TO ANTIDEGRADATION ADDENDUM <u>AMERICAN ENERGY CORPORATION</u> PERKINS RUN AIR SHAFT POND MODIFICATIONS

Introduction:

American Energy Corporation (AEC) proposes to pump water from the underground mine to Ponds 020 and 021 at their Perkins Run Air Shaft. Ponds 020 and 021 currently receive surface runoff from the air shaft facility only.

This document addresses the requirements of the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency Antidegradation Addendum, the *Preferred Design Alternative* is addressed on *Pages 1 thru 5* The *Minimal Degradation Alternative* is addressed on *Pages 5 and 6* and the *Non-Degradation Alternative* is addressed on *Pages 6 thru 8*.

Background:

Ponds 020 and 021 were approved by ODNR under an Incidental Boundary Revision in March, 2003. These ponds are currently covered under the General Stormwater Permit associated with Construction Activity, Facility No. OGC00168*AG. The air shaft facility has established vegetation. All drainage from the air shaft facility flows to Ponds 020 and 021 via existing diversion ditches. Runoff from the access roadway is controlled by sumps. Runoff consist off surface drainage only. No coal is present on the air shaft site. Ponds 020 and 021 are existing, temporary structures which will be removed when the associated air shaft is no longer necessary for mine ventilation, approximately eight (8) years.

PREFERRED DESIGN ALTERNATIVE

Ponds 020 and 021 are located in Section 1, Township 6, Range 5, Wayne Township, Belmont County, Ohio. Pond 021 discharges to Pond 020, which discharges to an unnamed tributary to Piney Creek, in the Captina Creek watershed.

C.4.a. Describe the availability, cost effectiveness and technical feasibility of connecting to existing central or regional sewage collection and treatment facilities, including long range plans for sewer service outlined in state or local water quality management planning documents and applicable facility planning documents.

There are no central or regional sewage collection or treatment facilities in the area. Long range plans for these facilities do not exist.

C.4.b. List and describe all government and/or privately sponsored conservation projects that exist or may have been or will be specifically targeted to improve water quality or enhance recreational opportunities on the affected water resource.

Telephone inquiries were made in April, 2004 to the Belmont County Engineer, the Natural Resources Conservation Service District, and the County Department of Development regarding active projects planned or underway. It was determined that there were no existing or planned projects for the affected water resources.

C.4.c. Provide a brief description below of all treatment/disposal alternatives evaluated for this application and their respective operational and maintenance needs.

Preferred design alternative: Pump the water from the mine to the nearest on-site surface treatment facility where it can be tested and treated to meet requirements of the NPDES Permit before being released to the receiving stream. The procedure is more costly than the minimal degradation alternative, however, it is more reliable in terms of worker safety and mine productivity. The water will be pumped into surface ponds for treatment before being released to any surface water. The receiving ponds are both upland ponds otherwise fed by diversions from surrounding areas.

Non-degradation alternative' (s): The alternatives described would eliminate potential degradation from the immediate site; however, potential would increase, as described, in other (off-site) locations. The alternative are: ① Pump and haul mine water by truck along public roads for a distance of approximately 55 miles to the closest approved disposal facility. Operational/ maintenance problems include cost, public road damage, and spills from haulage vehicles. ② Overland pipeline. Operational/ maintenance problems include spillage due to ruptures, stream, road, and personal property rights-of-way/crossings. ③ Allowing the water to accumulate underground. Operational/ maintenance problems include flooding of the mine and associated work stoppages. This alternative is not practicable for extended use considering the projected life of the mining operation.

Minimal degradation alternative' (s): The use of underground sumps and bulkheads would be incorporated to contain the water in the mine as it was produced. This alternative would eliminate treatment of the discharge and would minimize pumping. This alternative would be much less costly in terms of pumping and treatment than other alternatives; however, the alternative would have negative impacts on productivity, miner safety and possibly groundwater quality.

Mitigative technique/measure' (s): Both ponds will be reclaimed when bond is released by ODNR. The receiving stream will have returned to it's pre-mining condition or will be in conformance with the NPDES Permit. The area will be planted with vegetation in accordance with ODNR requirements.

C.4.d. Outline of the treatment/disposal system evaluated, including the costs associated with the equipment, installation, and continued operation and maintenance.

The water transfer system will be composed of pumps, discharge line and the two temporary ponds. One pump will be kept on standby in case of need during a breakdown period of the main pump. The pond will act as treatment facilities where the water can be colleted, monitored and treated as required to meet NPDES requirements. The cost of the pumps and piping will be approximately \$10,000.00, (Ten Thousand Dollars) including a pump, a standby pump and one set of hoses. Reclamation of the site will cost approximately \$50,000 (Fifty Thousand Dollars) based upon current costs.

Normal pump maintenance should be sufficient during the life of the permit. Normal maintenance on the pumps should be about \$1,000.00 (One Thousand Dollars)annually.

C.4.e. Identify the substances to be discharged, including the amount of regulated pollutants to be discharged, in terms of mass and concentration.

No substances/regulated pollutants will be discharged from the treatment ponds in excess of effluent limitations. The water from the mine will be treated at the pond inlet to meet NPDES Requirements before being released to the receiving streams.

C.4.1. Describe the reliability of the treatment/disposal system, including but not limited to the possibility of recurring operation and maintenance difficulties that would lead to increased degradation.

The proposed excess water disposal system with associated environmental controls is the same or similar to those used successfully at the mine for many years, and in general, elsewhere throughout the coal industry. The site will be maintained to operate as designed. Repairs will be made as needed on a timely basis for full compliance with Federal and State laws.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.g.$ Describe any impacts on human health and the overall quality and value of the water resource.

No adverse impacts on human health are anticipated under the Preferred Design Alternative. The water, which will be adversely affected by the mining operation, will be treated at the pond inlet to meet requirements of the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency's N.P.D.E.S. permit before being released to the receiving stream.

C.4.h. Describe and provide an estimate of the important social and economic benefits to be realized through this project. Include the number and types of jobs created and tax revenues generated.

Introduction

This question will be addressed in two parts: First, the general demand for electrical energy will be discussed and secondly, the aspects of the market which are specific to this project will be addressed. These are both areas of economic consideration which must be considered in regulation of the coal industry.

General Demand

Coal provides the most efficient and economical method of generating electrical energy and will continue to provide this service for a number of years in the future. More than half of the electrical energy consumed in the United States is generated by coal burning facilities. Over 80% of the electricity consumed in the State of Ohio is produced by coal fired power plants. (6 tons of coal is required to provide the electricity consumed by each individual annually).

Wind, solar, and hydro power generation methods are not capable of meeting the demand at this time. Nuclear energy represents too large a potential for long term environmental and safety impacts. The supply of natural gas is not sufficient nor is the distribution system adequate to meet the demands of the electrical generating industry.

The demand for electricity has increased by over 100% since 1970. Furthermore, there has been a disproportionately small increase in generating capacity during that time. Demand for electrical energy is projected to increase by another 30% to 40% between now and the year 2020. (References: State Senator Louis Blessing for the Ohio Coal Association, and Eric Burkland, President of the Ohio Manufacturers' Association)

Project Specifics

The loss to the local economy would be significant should the employment opportunity not be permitted to develop. The continuing operation of this mine depends upon this project. Belmont County, Ohio, the location of this operation, is categorized as a distressed county by the Ohio Department of Development, Office of Strategic Research. This means that unemployment is

125% or greater than the most recent U.S. 5 year average unemployment rate; per capita income is at or below 80% of the U.S. per capita income; and 20% or more of the population lives below the poverty level.

The mining operation associated with the air shaft site ponds supports the direct employment of 404 people, during the necessary life of the air shaft which is estimated to be 8 years. During this time, \$22,595,156.00 (Twenty Two Million, Five Hundred Ninety Five Thousand, One Hundred Fifty Six Dollars) will be paid in annual payrolls. \$1,723,843.00 (One Million, Seven Hundred Twenty Three Thousand, Eight Hundred Forty Three Dollars) will be paid in annual payroll taxes. Over \$6,400,000.00 (Six Million, Four Hundred Thousand Dollars) in other taxes will be paid annually. \$66,992 (Sixty Six Thousand, Nine Hundred Ninety Two Dollars) in annual Royalties will be paid.

In all, this mining operation contributes over \$30,800,000.00 (Thirty Million, Eight Hundred Thousand Dollars) <u>annually</u> to the economy of this economically distressed area. This figure represents the value in current Dollars and does not account for inflation over the life of the operation.

It has been statistically proven that for every mining job created or maintained, between four and ten jobs are created or maintained in related industries or services. These related industries and services include: utility supply, transportation, material and fuel supply, and other activities which directly or indirectly support the mining operation. It may also include domestic services such as lawn and garden maintenance and day care and baby sitting services employed by the mining personnel and their families.

There are other benefits which will trickle down into the local economy. General merchants experience sales from the mine employees which they would not experience if the group were unemployed, were employed in other geographic locations, or were employed in lesser paying jobs.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.i.$ Describe environmental benefits to be realized through this proposed project.

When the air shaft is no longer necessary for mine ventilation, it will be plugged and the entire site will be reclaimed in accordance with ODNR Requirements. Following establishment of vegetative cover, Ponds 020 and 021 will be removed and their respective affected areas reclaimed per ODNR regulations. Potential end uses include farm land, pasture for livestock, or wildlife habitat. No environmental benefits will be realized through this proposal.

C.4.j. Describe and provide an estimate of the social and economic benefits that may be lost as a result of this project. Include the impacts on commercial and recreational use of the water resource.

There should be no loss of social or economic benefits from this operation. If the mine operation is not allowed to dispose of excess water in this manner, then the economic benefits outlined in section C.4.h. will not be maintained. The employment provided serves to improve economic conditions in the area.

The area is a rural site. It does not support any degree of tourist activity. Recreational activity includes hunting and ATV use only with the permission of the surface property owner. This activity will not be impacted in any way by the pumping of mine water to the ponds or reclamation of same.

The are no streams on site. All water that discharges as a result of the pumping operation will be treated, if necessary, to be within the effluent limits established by the existing NPDES Permit.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.k$. Describe the environmental benefits lost as a result of this project. Include the effects on aquatic life, wildlife, threatened or endangered species.

There are no significant adverse impacts expected to water quality on or off site. The maintenance, water monitoring, treatment and reclamation proposed have been designed to mitigate or eliminate any possible adverse affects on wildlife.

There are no known threatened or endangered species in the project area.

C.4.1. Description of any construction work, fill or other structures to Occur or be placed in or near a stream bed.

No construction will occur within the banks of any surface water. The surface water will receive discharge water from the ponds only. This discharge will be treated at the pond inlet to meet NPDES limitations before being released.

MINIMAL DEGRADATION ALTERNATIVE

C.4.a. Describe the availability, cost effectiveness and technical feasibility of connecting to existing central or regional sewage collection and treatment facilities, including long-range plans for sewer service outlined in state or local water quality management planning documents and applicable facility planning documents.

Please see response to this item on page 1 of this document.

C.4.b. List and describe all government and/or privately sponsored conservation projects that exist or may have been or will be specifically targeted to improve water quality or enhance recreational opportunities on the affected water resource.

Please see response to this item on page 1 of this document.

C.4.c. Provide a brief description below of all treatment/disposal alternatives evaluated for this application and their respective operational and maintenance needs.

Please see response to this item (minimal degradation) on page 2 of this document.

C.4.d. Outline of the treatment/disposal system evaluated, including the costs associated with the equipment, installation, and continued operation and maintenance.

Under this alternative, the excess water disposal system will consist of installing sumps and bulkheads in the underground workings to contain the water. The installations would be made away from the working face so that interference with mining operations would be minimized; however failure of a bulkhead could jeopardize the safety of workmen or interfere with the mining operation. Due to unknowns such as where water will be encountered, the quantity of water that will require storage underground, and maintenance needs, cost is very difficult the estimate.

C.4.e. Identify the substances to be discharged, including the amount of regulated pollutants to be discharged, in terms of mass and concentration.

Please see response to this item on page 2 of this document.

C.4.f. Describe the reliability of the treatment/disposal system, including but not limited to the possibility of recurring operation and maintenance difficulties that would lead to increased degradation.

Please see response to item C.4.c. (Minimal Degradation Alternative) on page 2 of this document.

C.4.g. Describe any impacts on human health and the overall quality and value of the water resource.

Please see response to item C.4.c. (Minimal Degradation Alternative) on page 2 of this document.

C.4.h. Describe and provide an estimate of the important social and economic benefits to be realized through this project. Include the number and types of jobs created and tax revenues generated.

Please see response to this item on pages 3 and 4 of this document.

C.4.i. Describe environmental benefits to be realized through this proposed project.

Please see response to this item on page 4 of this document.

C.4.j. Describe and provide an estimate of the social and economic benefits that may be lost as a result of this project. Include the impacts on commercial and recreational use of the water resource.

Please see response to this item on page 4 of this document.

C.4.k. Describe the environmental benefits lost as a result of this project.

Include the effects on aquatic life, wildlife, threatened or endangered species.

Please see response to this item on page 5 of this document. There are no known threatened or endangered species in the project area.

 $\mathbb{C}.4.$ l. Description of any construction work, fill or other structures to occur or be placed in or near a stream bed.

There are no fill or structures within a streambed on the site. Pond 020 is no closer than 80 feet from the stream bank, and Pond 021 is over 100 feet from the stream.

NON-DEGRADATION ALTERNATIVE

C.4.a. Describe the availability, cost effectiveness and technical feasibility of connecting to existing central or regional sewage collection and treatment facilities, including long range plans for sewer service outlined in state or local water quality management planning documents and applicable facility planning documents.

Please see response to this item on page 1 of this document.

C.4.b. List and describe all government and/or privately sponsored conservation projects that exist or may have been or will be specifically targeted to improve water quality or enhance recreational opportunities on the affected water resource.

Please see response to this item on page 2 of this document. (Non-Degradation Alternative).

C.4.c. Provide a brief description below of all treatment/disposal alternatives evaluated for this application and their respective operational and maintenance needs.

Please see response to this item on page 2 of this document. (Non-Degradation Alternative).

C.4.d. Outline of the treatment/disposal system evaluated, including the Costs associated with the equipment, installation, and continued operation and maintenance.

None of the three alternatives listed are practical from a cost, permitting, political/public relations, or operational standpoint. Please see response to this item on page 2 of this document (Non-Degradation Alternative).

C.4.e. Identify the substances to be discharged, including the amount of regulated pollutants to be discharged, in terms of mass and concentration.

Under the non-degradation alternative, no substances will be purposely discharged.

C.4.f. Describe the reliability of the treatment/disposal system, including but not limited to the possibility of recurring operation and maintenance difficulties that would lead to increased degradation.

No on-site discharge is proposed under this alternative. For reliability, see response to Item C.4.c. on Page 2.

C.4.g. Describe any impacts on human health and the overall quality and value of the water resource.

The potential for impacts to human health and the overall quality of the water resource would be much greater under the non-degradation alternatives than under either the preferred or minimal alternatives. There could be no protection provided for surface waters. Soil liners, diversion ditches, treatment ponds, hay bales, silt fences and temporary sumps are utilized in the Preferred Design Alternative. These features cannot be provided to protect all potential contamination sites in an overland operation which is not confined to permitted areas.

C.4.h. Describe and provide an estimate of the important social and economic benefits to be realized through this project. Include the number and types of jobs created and tax revenues generated.

The condition of the local economy and the economic benefits of this mining operation were discussed in earlier alternatives. In this situation, the non-degradation alternatives may actually shorten the life of the mine.

C.4.i. Describe environmental benefits to be realized through this proposed project.

If any of the non-degradation disposal plans are undertaken, there would be no direct change

in the existing environmental conditions. Ponds on the site could not be utilized for treatment or discharge of mine impacted water; however, the potential for unintentional (accidental), untreatable discharges would be much higher.

C.4.j. Describe and provide an estimate of the social and economic benefits that may be lost as a result of this project. Include the impacts on commercial and recreational use of the water resource.

It is impossible to estimate the social and economic losses as a result of public and political relations concerning difficulties related to rights of way and rights of entry required for crossing public and private lands and roads with trucks or a pipeline, as well as negotiating the agreements necessary to use another disposal facility. There is no commercial or recreational use of water resources involved.

C.4.k. Describe the environmental benefits lost as a result of this project.
Include the effects on aquatic life, wildlife, threatened or endangered species.

There could be unintentional, unforeseen impacts as previously described in item C.4.c. on page 2. If spillage from trucks or pipeline leakage occurred, the threat to aquatic life and wildlife could be far reaching, as well as difficult to detect or correct.

C.4.1. Description of any construction work, fill or other structures to occur or be placed in or near a stream bed.

Under the non-degradation alternative, no construction work, fill or other structures would be placed in or near a stream bed.

Mitigative Technique/Measure'(s):

No mitigation is planned. Waters being discharged will be treated to meet requirements of the NPDES permit prior to being released to receiving waters.

